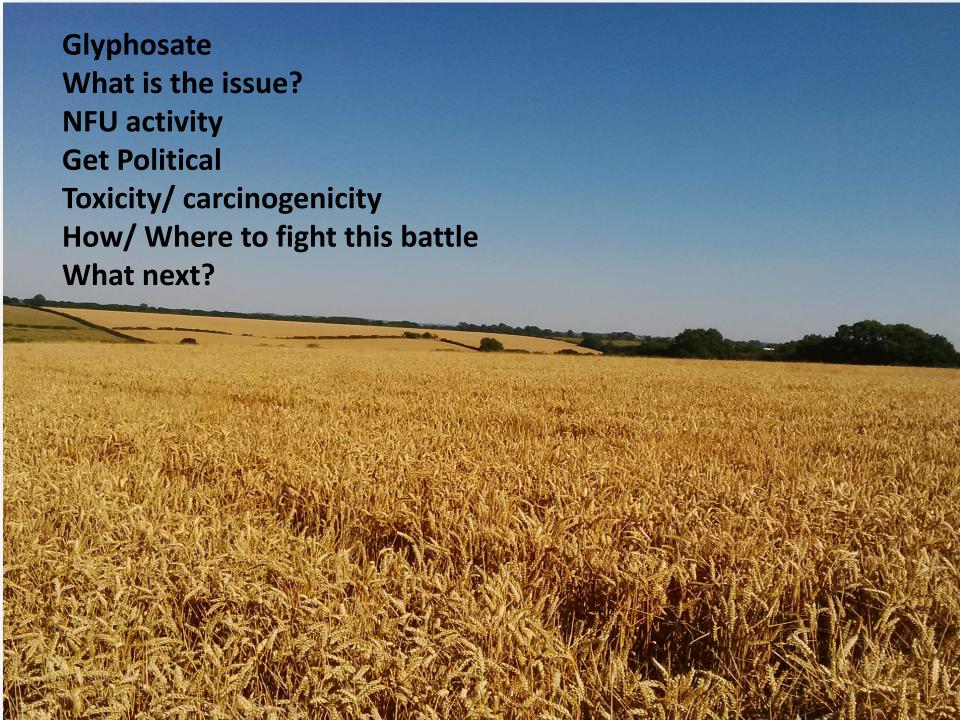
# Copa Cogeca Working Party on Phytosanitary Questions 3 May 2017

### Glyphosate re-authorisation update

Chris Hartfield Senior Regulatory Affairs Adviser National Farmers' Union, UK







# Update on Glyphosate













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Back British Farming -

Jobs ▼

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You are here: // Cross Sector // Science and Technology // Crop Protection // Crop Protection Key Content // Glyphosate

#### Glyphosate

There are times when plants need to be managed by farmers and growers, particularly to help produce crops with the least possible environmental impact.

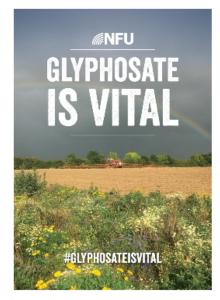
Glyphosate is used in a number of ways in agriculture in the UK and globally. It is the active ingredient in the world's most-used weed killer. Roundup. In the UK it is used in stubble fields for weed control before planting and before new crops start to appear. It is also used on cereals and oilseed rape before harvest to help make harvesting easier, control weeds, reduce disease and the potential for natural contaminants to develop, and to curb the number of weeds in the following season.

Glyphosate reduces the need for ploughing, which helps the environment through reducing CO2 emissions, minimising soil erosion, and improving soil quality. Regulatory bodies around the world have looked at the scientific evidence and concluded that glyphosate poses no risk to people when used correctly.

· Glyphosate - the basics: Our Q&A

Glyphosate: The independent evidence

· Glyphosate: what the experts say



Inform the debate with our Glyphosate is Vital leaflet



How Glyphosate Works for Us All download our infographic here

### Glyphosate is safe

#### Glyphosate is authorised for use in more than 150 countries around the world.

Regulatory bodies across the globe have studied the scientific evidence on glyphosate and concluded that it is unlikely to pose a human health risk when used correctly. Below are links to a number of the most recent regulatory reports, and other independent reviews, that have said that glyphosate is safe to use.

- · World Health Organisation/Food & Agriculture Organisation of the UN
- European Food Safety Authority
- Environmental Protection Agency United States
- Pest Management Regulatory Agency Canada
- Environmental Protection Authority New Zealand
- · Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority Australia
- · BfR German Federal Institute for Risk Assessment
- A review of the carcinogenic potential of glyphosate by four independent expert panels and comparison to the IARC assessment – Critical Reviews in Toxicology [Sept 2016]





## Farmer engagement

#### MUST READ

#### Glyphosate - we need your support

The active substance glyphosate will be up for re-authorisation by the European Commission by 31 December 2017.





# Glyphosate – how you can get involved:

- Write to your MP / MEP
- Invite politicians out onto farms
- Attend MP surgeries
- Show them what glyphosate allows you to do (min-till; zero till; soil protection etc.)
- · Get involved with social media
- Engage people in the debate





### Invite MPs and MEPs out on farm

Yorkshire farmers get the message across on glyphosate



Yorkshire farmers turned out in force for a day of campaigning on glyphosate recently, with two meetings

#### **HOW #GLYPHOSATE WORKS FOR US ALL**

The withdrawal of approval for glyphosate would entail serious consequences for farmers and our environment



Returning to mechanical weed control would impact on lapwing, partridge and skylark nests destroying eggs and young chicks



Using glyphosate allows conservation tillage which protects soils. There are 53% more earthworms in no plough systems of cultivation



3 Reintroducing ploughing into non-tillage fields can reduce soil organic matter by 4% in the first 1-6 months



49% more labour would be needed per hectare each year



Glyphosate protects 20% of winter wheat and winter oilseed rape yield



Glyphosate use allows 15% more rapeseed and 17% more wheat to be produced



3.4 TIMES THE SIZE OF LONDO

7 Losing glyphosate would mean 546,000 hectares more land would be needed to grow the same amount of food



8 25% increase in arable crop GHG emissions if glyphosate were no longer available

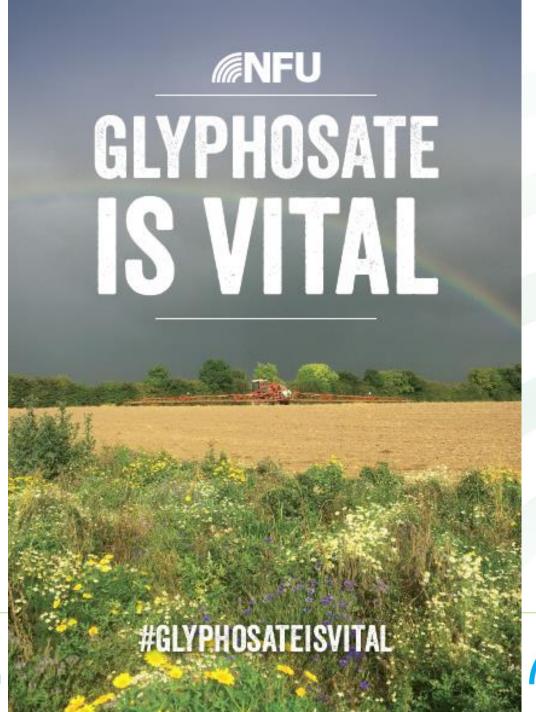


Without glyphosate 12 million tonnes of CO2e would be added to our atmosphere (equivalent to emissions from at least 2.5 million cars)













Last edited on: 15:03:2017









#### NFU welcomes ECHA decision reinforcing glyphosate's safety



The NFU has today welcomed the conclusions of the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) which say the scientific evidence 'did not meet the criteria to classify glyphosate as a carcinogen, as a mutagen or as toxic for reproduction' (read the ECHA press release here).



### Relative toxicity

Substance	LD <sub>50</sub> Oral (mg/kg)
Sugar	29,700
Vitamin C	11,600
Grain Alcohol	7,060
Glyphosate	>5,000
Acetic acid (in vinegar)	3,350
Table salt	3,000
Paracetamol	1,944
Tallow Amine	>864
Aspirin	200
Caffeine	192
Sodium fluoride (in toothpaste)	52
Vitamin D3	30-50
Nicotine	10
Botox	0.000001





# ON CANCER (IARC) CARCINOGENIC CLASSIFICATIONS

Since 1979, IARC has reviewed hundreds of products, chemical compounds, lifestyles, viruses, workplaces and other agents for their carcinogenic potential. Here are some examples of IARC's hazard idendifications.<sup>1</sup>

#### CATEGORY 4

Probably not carcinogenic to humans<sup>2</sup>

#### **CAPROLACTAM**

Of the hundreds of agents IARC has reviewed, this chemical, primarily used in the manufacturing of synthetic fibres, especially nylon, is the ONLY item IARC has ever placed in this category.<sup>2</sup>

#### CATEGORY 3

Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans<sup>2</sup>



FLOURESCENT LIGHTING



#### CATEGORY 2B

Possibly carcinogenic in humans<sup>2</sup>



COFFEE



#### **CATEGORY 2A**

Probably carcinogenic to humans<sup>2</sup>





#### **CATEGORY 1**

Carcinogenic to humans<sup>2</sup>



SUNLIGHT



BEVERAGES

<sup>1</sup> http://www.24d.reviews/IARC-and24D.php 2 http://monographs.iarc.fr/ENG/Classification/ClassificationsAlphaOrder.pdf

http://www.epa.gov/ttnatw01/hlthef/caprolac.html

### Twitter content





## #Glyphosateisbeneficial

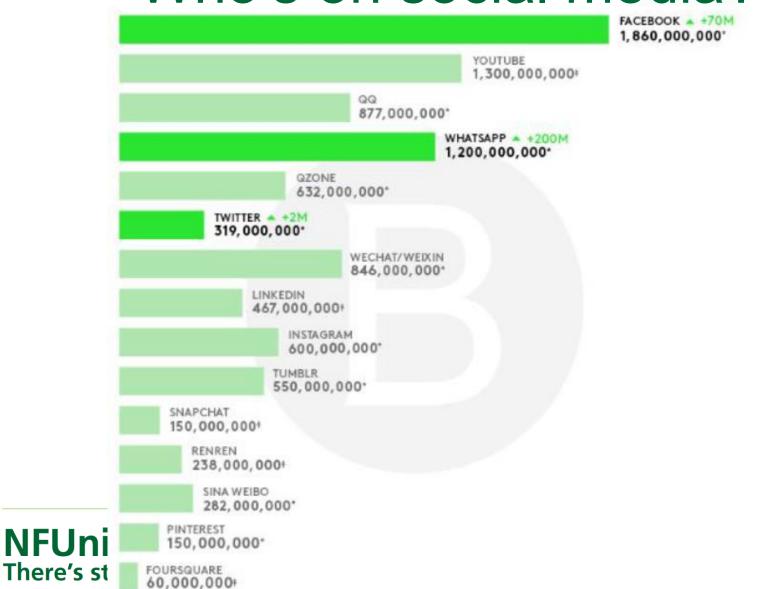


for mechanical weed control, which can damage partridge, skylark and lapwing nests and destroy eggs and young chicks.

#Glyphosateisbeneficial



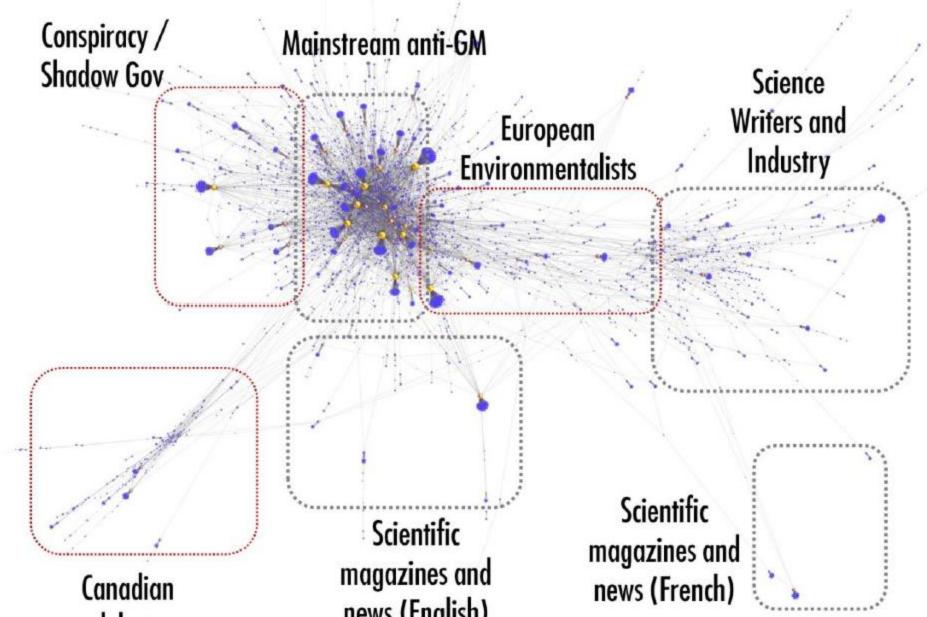
### Who's on social media?







### Network Map — The Glyphosate Debate







### **Engaging with Brussels Influencers**

Most MEPs use Facebook and Twitter – 87% are on Facebook, while 76% are on Twitter

61% of MEPs follow social media conversations DAILY in their legislative work

57% of MEPs say they check Wikipedia at least a few times every week

Traditional pan-European and national media EU-focused media are consulted by MEPs on a daily basis, often via Twitter

93% of MEPs use Twitter to engage with relevant stakeholders

#### Do

- Be yourself
- Make it personal
- Get the facts right, Be truthful
- Be helpful try and get answers
- Speak in the first person
- Engage in conversation, if this seems possible
- Use common sense and courtesy
- Always take the high road
- Respect other people's opinionse
- Cite your sources, using links when possible (especially to other people's supportive content)

#### Don't

- Lie. Or pretend you know the answer, if you don't
- Become argumentative or pick fights
- Criticise a person. If you need to correct something, correct the facts, or state you have a difference of opinion
- Use canned or very formulaic responses. This doesn't sound real
- Ignore or censor something because you don't agree. Only do this if it's insulting or offensive





We took UKIP MEP @RogerHelmerMEP on farm today so he could see the importance of glyphosate #glyphosateisvital bit.ly/2n9OeUz



32

36











**NFU** 



4:05 AM - 10 Mar 2017





## Next steps

### "Glyphosate

A discussion on the next steps in the glyphosate approval process will also be taken by the College of Commissioners (with glyphosate and ED presented as a package for consideration at one College meeting). While there is no final decision, the current feedback from the PPP Unit is that it is expected to be a proposal for a 15 year approval."



